## GT3A Series - AnalogTimers

## Key features of the GT3A series include:

- 4 selectable operation modes on each model
- External start, reset, and pause inputs
- Panel mount or socket mount
- Large variety of timing functions
- Power and output status indicating LEDs



## Part Numbers

| Mode Of Operation | Rated Voltage Code | Time Range | Output | Contact | Complete Part No. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | 8-Pin | 11-Pin |
| A: ON-delay 1 <br> B: Interval 1 <br> C: Cycle 1 <br> D: Cycle 3 | AF20: 100 to 240V AC (50/60Hz) | 0.1 seconds to 180 hours | 250V AC, 3A, 30 V DC, 1A (resistive load) | Delayed SPDT | GT3A-1AF20 | GT3A-1EAF20 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { AF20: } 100 \text { to } 240 \mathrm{~V} \text { AC }(50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}) \\ & \text { D12: } 12 \mathrm{~V} \text { DC } \\ & \text { AD24: } 24 \mathrm{~V} \text { AC }(50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}) / 24 \mathrm{~V} \text { DC } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | Delayed SPDT + Instantaneous SPDT | GT3A-2AF20 | GT3A-2EAF20 |
|  |  |  |  |  | GT3A-2D12 | GT3A-2ED12 |
|  |  |  |  |  | GT3A-2AD24 | GT3A-2EAD24 |
|  |  |  | 240V AC, 5A, 24V DC, 5A (resistive load) | Delayed DPDT | GT3A-3AF20 | GT3A-3EAF20 |
|  |  |  |  |  | GT3A-3D12 | GT3A-3ED12 |
|  |  |  |  |  | GT3A-3AD24 | GT3A-3EAD24 |

1. For wiring schematics and timing diagrams for GT3A-1, $-2,-3$, see pages 807 and 808 respectively.
2. For more details about time ranges, see instructions on page 812.
3. For socket and accessory part numbers, see page 838 .

GT3A-4, -5, -6

| Mode of Operation | Rated Voltage Code | Time Range | Output | Contact | Input | Complete Part No. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | A (11-pin) | B (11-pin) |
| A: ON-Delay 2 <br> B: Cycle 2 <br> C: Signal ON/OFF-Delay 1 <br> D: Signal OFF-Delay 1 | AF20: 100 to 240 V AC ( $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ) D12: 12V DC <br> AD24: 24V AC (50/60Hz)/24V DC | 0.1 seconds to 180 hours | 250V AC, 5A, 24 V D, 5A (resistive load) | Delayed DPDT | Start <br> Reset <br> Gate | GT3A-4AF20 | GT3A-4EAF20 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | GT3A-4D12 | GT3A-4ED12 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | GT3A-4AD24 | GT3A-4EAD24 |
| A: Interval 2 <br> B: One-Shot Cycle <br> C: Signal ON/OFF-Delay 2 <br> D: Signal OFF-Delay 2 | AF20: 100 to 240 V AC (50/60Hz) AD24: 24V AC (50/60Hz)/24V DC |  |  |  |  | GT3A-5AF20 | GT3A-5EAF20 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | GT3A-5AD24 | GT3A-5EAD24 |
| A: One-Shot <br> B: One-Shot ON-Delay |  |  |  |  |  | GT3A-6AF20 | GT3A-6EAF20 |
| C: One-Shot 2 <br> D: Signal ON/OFF-Delay 3 |  |  |  |  |  | GT3A-6AD24 | GT3A-6EAD24 |

4. For wiring schematics and timing diagrams GT3A-4,-5,-6, see pages 809,810 , and 811 respectively.
5. For more details about time ranges, see instructions on page 812.
6. $\mathrm{A}(11$-pin) and $\mathrm{B}(11$-pin) differ in the way inputs are wired.
7. For socket and accessory part numbers, see page 838.
8. For the timing diagrams overview, see page 794.

## Timing Diagrams/Schematics

## GT3A-1 Timing Diagrams

## Delayed SPDT




Cycle 3 (ON first)

MODE
D



GT3A-2 Timing Diagrams
Delayed SPDT + Instantaneous SPDT

ON-Delay 1


Cycle 1
(OFF first)
MODE
C



GT3A-3 Timing Diagrams
Delayed DPDT

Operation Mode Selection


ON-Delay 1
MODE
A
$\square$


Interval 1
MODE
B


| Item | Terminal Number |  |  | Operation |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Set Time |  |  |  | T |  |
| Power | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 2-7(8 \mathrm{p}) \\ & 2-10(11 \mathrm{p}) \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\rightarrow$ |  |
| Delayed Contact | $\begin{aligned} & 1-4,5-8(8 p) \\ & 1-4,8-11(11 p) \end{aligned}$ | (NC) |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{l\|} \hline 1-3,6-8(8 p) \\ 1-3,9-11(11 p) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | (NO) |  |  |  |
| Indicator | POWER |  |  | - |  |
|  | OUT |  |  |  |  |



Cycle 3 (ON first)

MODE
D


GT3A-4 Timing Diagrams

## Delayed DPDT



## Delayed DPDT

## Interval 2

(A Type)


Operation
Mode Selection


Signal OFF-Delay 2
MODE
D



## GT3A-6 Timing Diagrams

## Delayed DPDT


$T=$ Set time $T a=$ Shorter than set time
$T=T^{\prime}+T^{\prime \prime}$


| Step 1. | Desired Mode of Operation |  |  | ction | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Select the desired mode of operation. | For Timers | Mode of Operation | (1) Opera | Mode Selector | The desired operation mode can be selected from the $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}, \mathrm{C}$, and D modes using the Operation Mode Selector. Change the operation mode from A to B, C, and D in turn by turning the operation mode selector clockwise using a flat screwdriver which is a maximum of $0.156^{\prime \prime}(4 \mathrm{~mm})$ wide. The selected mode is displayed in the window. |
|  | GT3A-1 <br> GT3A-2 <br> GT3A-3 | ON-delay 1 |  | A |  |
|  |  | Interval 1 |  | B |  |
|  |  | Cycle 1 |  | C |  |
|  |  | Cycle 3 |  | D |  |
|  | GT3A-4 | ON -delay 2 |  | A |  |
|  |  | Cycle 2 |  | B |  |
|  |  | Signal ON/OFF-delay 1 |  | C |  |
|  |  | Signal OFF-delay 1 |  | D |  |
|  | GT3A-5 | Interval 2 |  | A |  |
|  |  | One-shot cycle |  | B |  |
|  |  | Signal ON/OFF-delay 2 |  | C |  |
|  |  | Signal OFF-delay 2 |  | D |  |
|  | GT3A-6 | One-shot 1 |  | A |  |
|  |  | One-shot ON-delay |  | B |  |
|  |  | One-shot 2 |  | C |  |
|  |  | Signal ON/OFF-delay 3 |  | D |  |
| Step 2. | Desired Time Range |  | Selection |  | Remarks |
| Select the time range that contains the desired time period. |  | me Ranges | (2) Dial Selector | (3) Time Range Selector | The desired time range is selected by setting both <br> (2) Dial Selector and <br> (3) Time Range Selector. |
|  | 0.05 seconds | to 1 second | 0-1 | 15 |  |
|  | 0.1 seconds | 3 seconds | 0-3 |  |  |
|  | 0.1 seconds | 6 seconds | 0-6 |  |  |
|  | 0.15 seconds | to 18 seconds | 0-18 |  |  |
|  | 0.1 seconds | 10 seconds | 0-1 | 10 S |  |
|  | 0.3 seconds | 30 seconds | 0-3 |  |  |
|  | 0.6 seconds | 60 seconds | 0-6 |  |  |
|  | 1.8 seconds | 180 seconds | 0-18 |  |  |
|  | 6 seconds to | 0 minutes | 0-1 | 10M |  |
|  | 18 seconds to | 30 minutes | 0-3 |  |  |
|  | 36 seconds to | 60 minutes | 0-6 |  |  |
|  | 108 seconds | 180 minutes | 0-18 |  |  |
|  | 6 minutes to | 0 hours | 0-1 | 10H |  |
|  | 18 minutes to | 30 hours | 0-3 |  |  |
|  | 36 minutes to 60 hours |  | 0-6 |  |  |
|  | 108 minutes to 180 hours |  | 0-18 |  |  |
| Step 3. |  |  | Selection |  |  |
| Set the precise period of time desired by using the © 4 Setting Knob. |  |  |  |  |  |

## GT3D - Digital Timers

## Key features of the GT3D series include:

- Precise time setting using digital thumbwheel switches
- Elapsed or time remaining LCD display
- 6 time ranges, 16 timing functions
- Time delays up to 99.9 hours

UL Recognized File No. E55996


CSA Certified File No. LR58183 File No. LR96764
 File No. LR83814

Cert. No. BL9801133323911 (LVD)

## Specifications

|  |  | GT3D-2 | GT3D-3 | GT3D-4 | GT3D-8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operation System |  | Solid state CMOS circuitry |  |  |  |
| Operation |  | Multi-mode |  |  | Multi-mode one-shot output |
| Time Range |  | 0.01 s to 99.9 hours |  |  |  |
| Rated Voltage |  | 100 to 240 V AC ( $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ), 24V AC ( $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ )/24V DC |  |  |  |
| Contact Ratings |  | 125 V AC/250V AC, 3A; 30V DC/1A (resistive load) | 125V AC/250V AC, 5A; 30V DC/5A (resistive load) |  |  |
| Contact Form |  | Delayed SPDT + instantaneous SPDT | Delayed DPDT | Delayed DPDT | Delayed DPDT |
| Minimum Applicable Load |  | $5 \mathrm{~V}, 10 \mathrm{~mA}$ (reference value) |  |  |  |
| Voltage Tolerance |  | AF20 (100-240V AC): 85 to 264 V AC AD24 (AC): 20.4 to 26.4 V AC AD24 (DC): 21.6 to 26.4 V DC |  |  |  |
| Error |  | $\pm 0.3 \% \pm 50 \mathrm{~ms}$ (voltage, repeat, and temperature) |  |  |  |
| Setting Error |  | $\pm 0.5 \% \pm 50 \mathrm{~ms}$ |  |  |  |
| Reset Time |  | 60 ms maximum |  |  |  |
| Insulation Resistance |  | 100M 2 minimum |  |  |  |
| Dielectric Strength |  | Between power and output terminals: $2,000 \mathrm{~V}$ AC, 1 minute Between contacts of different poles: $2,000 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC}, 1$ minute Between contacts of the same pole: 750 V AC, 1 minute |  |  |  |
| Power Consumption (approximate) | AF20 | 11.8VA | 11.6VA | 3.7VA (100V AC, 60Hz) 11.6VA (200V AC, 60Hz) |  |
|  | AD24 AC/DC | 1VA/0.8W | 2.1VA/0.9W | 2.1VA /0.9W |  |
| Mechanical Life |  | 10,000,000 operations minimum | 5,000,000 operations minimum |  |  |
| Electrical Life (at rated load) |  | 50,000 operations minimum | 100,000 operations minimum |  |  |
| Outputs | Relay | 250 V AC, 3A, 30V DC, 1A (resistive load) |  | 40V AC/, 24V DC (resistive load) |  |
| Vibration Resistance |  | 100 N (approximate 10G) |  |  |  |
| Shock Resistance |  | Operating extremes: 100 N (approximate 10G) Damage limits: 500N (approximate 50G) |  |  |  |
| Operating Temperature |  | -10 to $+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |
| Storage Temperature |  | -30 to $+80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |
| Operating Humidity |  | 45 to $85 \%$ RH |  |  |  |
| Weight (approximate) |  | 70 g | 75 g | 76 g |  |
| Housing Color |  | Gray |  |  |  |

## Part Number List

| Mode of Operation | Time Range | Output | Contact | Rated Voltage Code | Complete Part No. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | 8-Pin | 11-Pin |
| 1-A: ON-delay 1 <br> 1-B: Interval 1 first <br> 1-C: Cycle 1 (OFF first) <br> 1-D: Cycle 3 (ON first) | $\begin{aligned} & 0.01 \text { s to } \\ & 99.9 \text { hours } \end{aligned}$ | 250 V AC, 3A, <br> 30 V DC, 1A <br> (resistive load) | Delayed SPDT <br> + instantaneous SPDT | 100 to 240 V AC ( $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ) | GT3D-2AF20 | GT3D-2EAF20 |
|  |  |  |  | 24 V AC/DC | GT3D-2AD24 | - |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 240V AC, } \\ & 24 \mathrm{~V} D C, 5 \mathrm{~A} \\ & \text { (resistive load) } \end{aligned}$ | Delayed DPDT | 100 to 240 V AC ( $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ) | GT3D-3AF20 | GT3D-3EAF20 |
|  |  |  |  | 24V AC/DC | GT3D-3AD24 | - |

Part Numbers: GT3D-4

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Mode of Operation} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Time \\
Range
\end{tabular}} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Output} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Contact} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Rated Voltage Code} \& \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{Complete Part No.} \\
\hline \& \& \& \& \& A (11-Pin) \& B (11-Pin) \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
1-A: ON-delay 1 \\
1-B: Interval 1 first \\
1-C: Cycle 1 (OFF first) \\
1-D: Cycle 3 (ON first) \\
2-A: ON-delay 2 \\
2-B: Cycle 2 \\
2-C: Signal ON/OFF-delay 1 \\
2-D: Signal OFF-delay 1 \\
2-E: Interval 2 \\
2-F: One-shot cycle \\
3-A: Signal ON/OFF-delay 2 \\
3-B: Signal OFF-delay 2 \\
3-C: One-shot 1 \\
3-D: One-shot ON-delay \\
3-E: One-shot 2 \\
3-F: Signal ON/OFF-delay 3
\end{tabular} \& 0.01 s to 99.9 hours \& 240 V AC/24V DC, 5A (resistive load) \& Delayed DPDT \& 100 to 240 V AC (50/60Hz) \& GT3D-4AF20

GT3D-4AD24 \& GT3D-4EAF20 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

## Part Numbers: GT3D-8

| Mode of Operation | Time <br> Range | Output | Contact | Rated Voltage Code | Complete Part No. (11-Pin) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1: ON-delay one-shot 1 | 0.01s to <br> 2: Cycle one-shot <br> 3: ON-delay one-shot 2 | 240V AC/24V DC, 5A <br> (resistive load) | Delayed DPDT | 100 to 240V AC (50/60Hz) |  |

1. For wiring schematics and timing diagrams GT3D, see pages 815 to 822 .
2. For more details about time ranges, see instructions on page 823.
3. $A(11$-pin) and $B(11$-pin) differ in the way inputs are wired.
4. For socket and accessory part numbers, see page 838 .
5. For timing diagrams overview, see page 794.

Timing Diagrams/Schematics
GT3D-2 Timing Diagrams
Delayed SPDT + Instantaneous SPDT


Cycle 3
(ON first)


## GT3D-3 Timing Diagrams

Delayed DPDT


## GT3D-4 Timing Diagrams

These timers require a start input. A gate and reset input are optional. Inputs are controlled by external pushbuttons. Reset occurs when the power is removed or when the reset input is supplied. The gate signal can be used to interrupt (freeze) timer functions. Timer functions resume when the gate input is removed. B style timers are not equipped for gate input.

## Delayed DPDT



ON-Delay 1
Time Remaining
$1-\mathrm{A}$

Time Elapsed
$1-A$


## Interval 1

Time Remaining
$1-B$

Time Elapsed
$1-B$

| Item | Terminal Number |  |  |  |  | Operation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Power | 2-10 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Delayed | (NC) | $\begin{gathered} 1-4 \\ 8-11 \end{gathered}$ | 8-11 |  |  |  |
| Contact | (NO) | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1-3 \\ 9-11 \end{gathered}$ | 9-11 |  |  |  |
| Indicator | OUT |  |  |  |  |  |
| gital Time | DOWN |  |  |  |  |  |
| Display | UP |  |  |  |  |  |
| Set Time |  |  |  |  | T ( |  |

## GT3D-4 Timing Diagrams



## GT3D-4 Timing Diagrams

## Cycle 2

Time Remaining


Time Elapsed



Signal ON/OFF-Delay 1
Time Remaining
$2-\mathrm{C}$
Time Elapsed
$2-C$


Singal OFF-Delay 1
Time Remaining
$2-D$
Time Elapsed
$2-D$



## GT3D-4 Timing Diagrams



## GT3D-4 Timing Diagrams

One-Shot ON-Delay
Time Remaining
$3-D$
Time Elapsed
$3-D$


GT3D-8 Timing Diagrams

## Delayed DPDT

## Operation

 Mode Selection

ON-Delay One-Shot 1

| Time Remaining | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Time Elapsed | $\mathbf{1}$ |



Cycle One-Shot




Instructions: Setting GT3D-2, GT3D-3 Timers


| Step 1 | Desired Mode/Selection |  |  |  | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Select the desired time display and operation modes. | Time Display Mode | (1) Indicator Mode Selector | Operation Mode | (2) Operation Mode Selector | 1. Use the flat screwdriver to set the selectors. Since selectors do not turn all the way around, both clockwise and counterclockwise rotation may be necessary. |
|  | Time elapsed | 1 | ON-delay 1 | A |  |
|  | Time remaining | 1 |  |  |  |
|  | Time elapsed | 1 | Interval |  | 2. The (1) Indicator Mode Selector determines whether the Digital Time Display shows the time elapsed or time remaining. The (2) Operation Mode Selector determines the desired operation mode. Decide which display and mode is desired, then use these two selectors (1) (2) to set the operation mode. |
|  | Time remaining | 1 |  |  |  |
|  | Time elapsed | 1 | Cycle 1 | ${ }^{\text {C }}$ C |  |
|  | Time remaining | 1 |  |  | 3. The (1) Operation Mode Selector has two blank modes which are not intended for use. Always have this selector set to A, B, C, or D. |
|  | Time elapsed | 1 | Cycle 3 | D |  |
|  | Time remaining | 1 |  |  |  |
| Step 2 | Desired Operation |  | Selection |  | Remarks |
| Select a time range that contains the desired period of time. | Base Time Ranges |  | (3) Time Range Selector |  | 1. The (3) Time Range Selector controls both the decimal point indicator (9.99, 99.9, 999) and the time increment indicators S (seconds), M (minutes), and H (hours). |
|  |  |  | Decimal Point Indicator | Time Increment Indicator |  |
|  | 0.01 second | to 9.99 seconds | 9.99 | S |  |
|  | 0.1 second | o 99.9 seconds | 99.9 |  | 2. Chose which base time range contains the targeted timer setting. Then use the (3) Time Range Selector to set the decimal point indicator and time increment indicator to its corresponding pair of settings. |
|  | 1 second | 999 seconds | 999 |  |  |
|  | 0.1 minute | o 99.9 minutes | 99.9 | M | 3. Since these configurations offer a complete range of settings from 0.01 seconds to 99.9 hours, the setting of 9.99 for minutes and the 9.99 and 999 settings for hours are not listed and should not be used. |
|  | 1 minute | 999 minutes | 999 |  |  |
|  | 0.1 hour | o 99.9 hours | 99.9 | H |  |
| Step 3 | Desired Operation |  | Selection |  | Remarks |
| Set the precise period of time desired by using the (4) Time Setting Digital Switch. |  |  |  |  | Use the (4) Time Setting Digital Switch to set the desired period of time. It is important to remember that the setting of the (3) Time Range Selector determines the units of time measurement as well as the implied decimal point location. |

It is important to remember that the (3) Time Range Selector not only selects the time range but also influences the interpretation of the Digital Time Display.
Changing the (3) Time Range Selector setting changes the units of time measurement (seconds, minutes, hours) as well as the decimal point location.

Instructions: Setting GT3D-4 Timers


| Step 1 | Desired Mode/Selection |  |  |  | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Select the desired time display and operation modes. | Time Display Mode | (1) Indicator Mode Selector | Operation Mode | (2) Operation Mode Selector | 1. Use a flat screwdriver to set the selectors. Since selectors do not turn all the way around, both clockwise and counterclockwise rotation is necessary. |
|  | Time elapsed <br> Time remaining | 1 | ON-delay 1 Interval 1 Cycle 1 D: Cycle 3 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { A } \\ & \text { B } \\ & \text { C } \\ & \text { D } \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | Time elapsed Time remaining | 2 <br> 2 | ON -delay 2 <br> Cycle 2 <br> Signal ON/OFF-delay 2 <br> Signal OFF-delay 1 Interval 2 <br> One-shot cycle | $\begin{aligned} & A \\ & B \\ & C \\ & C \\ & D \\ & E \\ & F \end{aligned}$ | 2. The (1) Indicator Mode Selector determines whether the Digital Time Display shows the time elapsed or time remaining. The (2) Operation Mode Selector determines the desired operation mode. Decide which display and mode is desired; then use these two selectors(1) (2) to set the operation mode. <br> 3. When using the indicator mode setting " 1, " the (2) Operation Mode Selector has two blank modes which are not intended for use. When using mode setting " 1 ," always have the operation mode selector set to $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}, \mathrm{C}$, or D . |
|  | Time elapsed Time remaining | 3 3 | Signal ON/OFF-delay 2 <br> Signal OFF-delay 2 <br> One-shot 1 <br> One-shot ON-delay <br> One-shot 2 <br> Signal ON/OFF-delay 3 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { A } \\ & \text { B } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Step 2 | Desired Operation |  | Selection |  | Remarks |
| Select a time range that contains the desired period of time. | Base Time Ranges |  | (3) Time Range Selector |  | 1. The (3) Time Range Selector controls both the decimal point indicator (9.99, $99.9,999$ ) and the time increment indicators $S$ (seconds), M (minutes), and H (hours). |
|  |  |  | Decimal Point Indicator | Time Increment Indicator |  |
|  | 0.01 seconds to 9.99 seconds |  | 9.99 | S | 2. Chose which base time range contains the targeted timer setting. Then use the (3) Time Range Selector to set the decimal point indicator and time increment indicator to its corresponding pair of settings. |
|  | 0.1 seconds to 99.9 seconds |  | 99.9 |  |  |
|  | 1 second to 999 seconds |  | 999 |  |  |
|  | 0.1 minutes to 99.9 minutes |  | 99.9 | M | 3. Since these configurations offer a complete range of settings from 0.01 seconds to 99.9 hours, the setting of 9.99 for minutes and the 9.99 and 999 settings for hours are not listed and should not be used. |
|  | 1 minute to 999 minutes |  | 999 |  |  |
|  | 0.1 hours to 99.9 hours |  | 99.9 | H |  |
| Step 3 | Desired Operation |  | Selection |  | Remarks |
| Set the precise period of time desired by using the (4) Time Setting Digital Switch. |  |  |  |  | Use the (4) Time Setting Digital Switch to set the desired period of time. It is important to remember that the setting of the (3) Time Range Selector determines the units of time measurement as well as the implied decimal point location. |

[^0]
## Instructions: Setting GT3D-8Timers



| Step 1 | Desired Mode of Operation |  | Selection |  | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Select the time display and operation modes. | Operation Mode | Time Display Mode | (1) Indicator Mode Selector |  | 1. Use a flat screwdriver to set the selectors. Since selectors do not turn all the way around, both clockwise and counterclockwise rotation is necessary. <br> 2. The GT3D-8 (1) Indicator Mode Selector selects both whether the Digital Time Display displays the time elapsed or time remaining and also the mode of operation. Decide which display and mode is desired. Then use this selector to set the operation mode. |
|  | ON-Delay One-Shot | Time elapsed |  | 1 |  |
|  |  | Time remaining | 1 |  |  |
|  | Cycle One-Shot | Time elapsed | 2 |  |  |
|  |  | Time remaining | 2 |  |  |
|  | ON-Delay One-Shot 2 | Time elapsed | 3 |  |  |
|  |  | Time remaining | 3 |  |  |
| Step 2 | Desired Mode of Operation |  | (2) Single-Shot Output Time Selector |  | Remarks |
| Select the single shot output time. | Desired Single-Shot Output Time |  |  |  | On the GT3D-8 timers, the desired single-shot output time can be selected from the $A, B, C, D, E$, and $F$ modes using the (2) One-Shot Output Time Selector. |
|  | 0.1 se | conds |  | A |  |
|  | 0.5 se | conds |  | B |  |
|  | 1 se | cond |  | C |  |
|  | 5 sec | onds |  | D |  |
|  | 10 se | conds |  | E |  |
|  | 50 se | conds |  | F |  |
| Step 3 | Desired | peration | Sele | ction | Remarks |
|  |  |  | (3) Time Ran | ge Selector |  |
|  | Base Tim | e Ranges | Decimal Point Indicator | Time Increment Indicator | 1. The (3) Time Range Selector controls both the decimal point indicator (9.99, 99.9, 999) and the time increment indicators S (seconds), |
|  | 0.01 seconds to 9.99 se | conds | 9.99 |  | M (minutes), and H (hours). <br> 2. Chose which base time range contains the targeted timer setting. |
| that contains the | 0.1 seconds to 99.9 sec | onds | 99.9 | S | Then use the (3) Time Range Selector to set the decimal point indica- |
| desired period of time. | 1 second to 999 second |  | 999 |  | tor and time increment indicator to its corresponding pair of settings. ${ }^{\text {3. Since these configurations offer a complete range of settings }}$. |
|  | 0.1 minutes to 99.9 min | utes | 99.9 |  | from 0.01 seconds to 99.9 hours, the setting of 9.99 for minutes and |
|  | 1 minute to 999 minute |  | 999 |  | the 9.99 and 999 settings for hours are not listed and should not be |
|  | 0.1 hours to 99.9 hours |  | 99.9 | H |  |
| Step 4 | Desired | peration | Sele | ction | Remarks |
| Set the precise period of | time desired by using th | e (4) Time Setting Digita | Switch. |  | Use the (4) Time Setting Digital Switch to set the desired period of time. It is important to remember that the setting of the (3) Time Range Selector determines the units of time measurement as well as the implied decimal point location. |

## GT3F Series - True OFF Delay Timers

## Key features of the GT3F series include:

- "True" power OFF-delay up to 10 minutes
- No external control switch necessary
- Available with reset inputs
- Mountable in sockets or flush panel



1. An inrush current flows during the minimum power application time. AF20: approximate 0.4 A , AD24: approximate 1.2A
2. GT3F does not read the preset time range shown on the knob after power is turned off. Note that minimizing the preset time, by turning the knob to zero, does not shorten the delay time after power is removed.

## Part Numbering List

| Mode of | Rated | Time Pange | Output | Contact | Optional Input | Comple | Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operation | Voltage Code | Time Range | Output | Contact | Optional input | 8 -Pin | 11-Pin |
| Power OFF-delay | AF20: 100 to 240VAC ( $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ) | 0.1 seconds to 600 seconds | 250 V AC, 5A, | Delayed SPDT | Reset | GT3F-1AF20 | GT3F-1EAF20 |
|  |  |  | 30V DC, 5A (resistive load) |  |  | GT3F-1AD24 | GT3F-1EAD24 |
|  | AD24: 24V AC/DC |  | 250 V AC, 3A, | Delayed DPDT | None (8p) Reset (11p) | GT3F-2AF20 | GT3F-2EAF20 |
|  |  |  | 30V DC, 3A (resistive load) |  |  | GT3F-2AD24 | GT3F-2EAD24 |

Optional reset input resets the contact to the OFF state before time out.

## Timing Diagrams/Schematics

GT3F-1 Timing Diagrams


## T = Set time

$\mathrm{Ta}=$ Shorter than set time
Ts $=1$ Second
$\mathrm{Tr}=$ Minimum Power Application Time
GT3F-1: 1 Second

1. For time ranges, see page 829 .
2. For sockets and accessory part numbers, see page 838 .
3. When power is applied, the NO output contact closes. When power is removed, the timing period begins. When time has elapsed, the NO contact opens.
4. For the timing diagram overview, see page 794.

GT3F-2 Timing Diagrams


8-Pin Type



When power is applied, the NO contact closes. When power is removed, the timing period begins. When time has elapsed, the NO contact opens. Optional reset input will return contacts to original state before time elapses.
$T=$ Set time
$\mathrm{Ta}=$ Shorter than set time
Ts = 1 Second
$\mathrm{Tr}=$ Minimum Power Application Time
GT3F-1: 1 Second


## Instructions: Setting GT3F Series Timers



| Step 1 | Desired Operation | Selection |  | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Select a time range that contains the desired period of time. | Base Time Ranges | (1) Dial Selector | (2) Time Range Selector | Time range can be selected from 1 S and 10 S using a flat screwdriver and five different dials of 0 to 1,0 to 3,0 to 6,0 to 18 , and 0 to 60 are displayed in the six windows by turning the Dial Selector, allowing for selecting the best suited scale. Note that the switch does not turn infinitely. |
|  | 0.1 s to 1s | 0 to 1 | 1s |  |
|  | 0.1 s to 3s | 0 to 3 |  |  |
|  | 0.1 s to 6s | 0 to 6 |  |  |
|  | 0.1 s to 10 s | 0 to 1 | 10s |  |
|  | 0.3 s to 30 | 0 to 3 |  |  |
|  | 0.6 s to 60 | 0 to 6 |  |  |
|  | 1.8s to 180s | 0 to 18 |  |  |
|  | 6s to 600s | 0 to 60 |  |  |
| Step 2 |  |  |  | Remarks |
| The set time is selected by turning the (3) Setting Knob. |  |  |  | Setting Examples: <br> 1. When the Setting Knob (3) is set at 2.5 , with Dial Selector (1) 0 to 3 and Time Range Selector (2) $1 S$ selected, then the set time is 2.5 seconds. <br> 2. When the Setting Knob (3) is set at 5.0, with Dial Selector (1) 0 to 60 and Time Range Selector (2) 10S selected, then the set time is 500 seconds. |

## Instructions: Wiring Inputs

## Inputs of GT3F

To avoid electric shock, do not touch the input signal terminal during power voltage application.
Never apply the input signals to two or more GT3F timers using the same contact or transistor.


In a transistor circuit for controlling input signals, with its primary and secondary power circuits isolated, do not ground the secondary circuit.


On the GT3F timers, connect the input signals to terminal No. 1 and 4 only on the 8 -pin type; connect the input signals to terminal No. 6 and 7 only on the 11-pin type. Never apply voltage to other terminals; otherwise, the internal circuit may be damaged.

Input signal lines must be made as short as possible and installed away from power cables and power lines. Use shielded wires or a separate conduit for input wiring.

The GT3F, consisting of a high-impedance circuit, may not be reset due to the influence of an inductive voltage or residual voltage caused by a leakage current. If not reset, connect an RC filter or bleeder resistor between power terminals so that the voltage between power terminals can be reduced to less than $15 \%$ of the rated voltage.

## GT3S (Star-Delta)Timers

Star-Delta
 Delta Output Indicator Star Setting Knob

2 Star-Delta Switching Time Selector $0.05 \mathrm{sec}, 0.1 \mathrm{sec}$, $0.25 \mathrm{sec}, 0.5 \mathrm{sec}$

## Time Ranges

\(\left.\begin{array}{|c|c|c|}\hline (1) Star Dial Selector \& (2) Star-Delta Switching <br>

Time Selector\end{array}\right]\)| Time |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Dial | Time Range |

## Contact Ratings

| Contact Ratings |  | 250V AC/30V DC, 5A (resistive load) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Life | Mechanical | $20,000,000$ operations minimum |
|  | Electrical | 100,000 operations minimum (rated load) |

General Specifications

|  | Operation Sys |  | Solid state CMOS circuitry |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Operation Typ |  | Star-delta |
|  | Time Range |  | Star side: 0.05 to 100 sec Star-delta switching time: $0.05,0.1,0.25,0.5 \mathrm{sec}$ |
|  | Rated Operati | Voltage | 100 to 240V AC (50/60Hz) |
|  | Operating Tem | ture | -10 to $+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | Storage Tem |  | -30 to $+80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | Operating Hum |  | 45 to 85\% RH |
|  | Voltage Tolera |  | 85 to 264V AC |
|  | Repeat Error |  | $\pm 0.2 \%, \pm 10 \mathrm{msec}$ |
|  | Voltage Error |  | $\pm 0.2 \%, \pm 10 \mathrm{msec}$ |
|  | Temperature E |  | $\pm 0.2 \%, \pm 10 \mathrm{msec}$ |
|  | Setting Error |  | $\pm 10 \%$ maximum |
|  | Reset Time |  | 500 msec maximum |
|  | Insulation Res |  | 100M $\Omega$ minimum |
|  | Dielectric Strength |  | Between power and output terminals: 2,000V AC, 1 minute Between contacts of different poles: 2,000V AC, 1 minute Between contacts of the same pole: 750 V AC, 1 minute |
|  | Vibration Resistance |  | $100 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sec}^{2}$ (Approx. 10G) |
|  | Shock Resistance |  | Operating extremes: $100 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sec}^{2}$ (Approx. 10G) <br> Damage limits: 500m/sec² (Approx. 50G) |
|  | Power Consumption (Approx.) | Type GT3S-1 | 2.3VA (100V AC, 60Hz), <br> 4.0VA (200V AC, 60Hz) |
|  |  | Type GT3S-2 | 2.3VA (100V AC, 60Hz), 3.8VA (200V AC, 60Hz) |

## Operation Charts

## Product Series

GT3S-1
Star: Delayed SPST-NO
Delta: Delayed SPST-NO

GT3S-2
Star: Delayed SPST-NO
Delta: Delayed SPST-NO Instantaneous: SPST-NO

## Internal Connection and Terminal Arrangement

## Operation Chart



The star delayed contact goes on when power is turned on and goes off after a set time for the start contact ( $\mathrm{T}_{1}$ ). The delta delayed contact goes on after star-delta switching time $\left(T_{2}\right)$ and goes off when power is turned off. $\mathrm{T}_{1}=$ Star ON time (Set Time), $\mathrm{T}_{2}=$ Star-delta switching time, $\mathrm{T}_{3}=$ Delta ON time


The star delayed contact goes on when power is turned on and goes off after a set time for the star contact ( $\mathrm{T}_{1}$ ). The delta delayed contact goes on after star-delta switching time ( $T_{2}$ ) and goes off when power is turned off. The instantaneous contact goes on when power is turned on and goes off when power is turned off. $\mathrm{T}_{1}=$ Star ON time (Set Time), $\mathrm{T}_{2}=$ Star-delta switching time, $\mathrm{T}_{3}=$ Delta ON time

## GT3W Series - DualTime Range Timers

## Key features of the GT3W series include:

- Sequential start, sequential interval, on-delay, recycler, and interval ON timing functions
- 2 time settings in one timer
- 8 selectable operation modes on each model
- Mountable in sockets or flush panel
- Power and output status indicating LEDs
- Time ranges up to 300 hours



## General Specifications

| Operation System |  |  |  | Solid state CMOS Circuit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operation Type |  |  |  | Multi-Mode |
| Time Range |  |  |  | 1: 0.1 sec to 6 hours, 3: 0.1 sec to 300 hours |
| Pollution Degree |  |  |  | 2 (IE60664-1) |
| Over Voltage Category |  |  |  | III (IE60664-1) |
| Rated Operational Voltage |  |  | AF20 | 100-240V AC(50/60Hz) |
|  |  |  | AD24 | 24 V AC(50/60Hz)/24V DC |
|  |  |  | D12 | 12 V DC |
| Voltage Tolerance |  |  | AF20 | 85-264V AC( $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ) |
|  |  |  | AD24 | 20.4-26.4V AC(50/60Hz)/21.6-26.4V DC |
|  |  |  | D12 | 10.8-13.2V DC |
| Disengaging Value of Input Voltage |  |  |  | Rated Voltage $\times 10 \%$ minimum |
| Range of Ambient Operating Temperature |  |  |  | -10 to $+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (without freezing) |
| Range of Ambient Storage and Transport Temperature |  |  |  | -30 to $+75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (without freezing) |
| Range of Relative Humidity |  |  |  | 35 to 85\%RH (without condensation) |
| Atmospheric Pressure |  |  |  | 80kPa to 110kPa (Operating), 70kPa to 110kPa (Transport) |
| Reset Time |  |  |  | 60 msec maximum |
| Repeat Error |  |  |  | $\pm 0.2 \%, \pm 10 \mathrm{msec} *$ |
| Voltage Error |  |  |  | $\pm 0.2 \%$, $\pm 10 \mathrm{msec}{ }^{*}$ |
| Temperature Error |  |  |  | $\pm 0.6 \%, \pm 10 \mathrm{msec} *$ |
| Setting Error |  |  |  | $\pm 10 \%$ maximum |
| Insulation Resistance |  |  |  | $100 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ minimum (500V DC) |
| Dielectric Strength |  |  |  | Between power and output terminals: 2000V AC, 1 minute Between contacts of different poles: 2000 V AC, 1 minute Between contacts of the same pole:750V AC, 1 minute |
| Vibration Resistance |  |  |  | 10 to 55 Hz amplitude $0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ hours in each of 3 axes |
| Shock Resistance |  |  |  | Operating extremes: $98 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sec}^{2}$ (approx. 10 G ) Damage limits: 490m/sec² approx. 50G) 3 times in each of 3 axes |
| Degree of Protection |  |  |  | IP40 (enclosure), IP20 (socket) (IEC60529) |
| Power Consumption (Approx.) | AF20 | 100 V | A/60Hz | 2.3VA |
|  |  | 200 V | A/60Hz | 4.6VA |
|  | AD24 (AC/DC) |  |  | 1.8VA/0.9W |
| Mounting Position |  |  |  | Free |
| Dimensions |  |  |  | $40 \mathrm{Hx} 36 \mathrm{~W} \times 70 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Weight (Approx.) |  |  |  | 72 g |

Contact Ratings

| Allowable Contact Power |  | 960VA/120W |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Allowable Voltage |  | 250 V AC/150V DC |
| Allowable Current |  | 5A |
| Maximum permissible operating frequency |  | 1800 cycles per hour |
| Rated Load |  | 1/8HP, 240V AC |
|  |  | 3A, 240V AC (Resistive) |
|  |  | 5A, 120V AC/30V DC (Resistive) |
| Conditional Short Circuit |  | Fuse 5A, 250V |
| Life | Electrical | 100,000 op. minimum (Resistive) |
|  | Mechanical | 20,000,000 op. minimum |

## Part Number List

## Part Numbers

| Mode of Operation | Output | Contact | Time Range* | Rated Voltage | Pin Configuration | New Part Numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A: Sequential Start <br> B: On-delay with course and fine <br> C: Recycler and instaneous <br> D: Recycler outputs (OFF Start) <br> E: Recycler outputs (ON Start) <br> F: Interval ON <br> G: Interval ON Delay <br> H: Sequential <br> Interval | $3 \mathrm{~A}, 240 \mathrm{~V}$ AC <br> 5A, 120V AC/30V DC <br> (Resistive Load) | Delayed SPDT <br> Delayed SPDT | 1: 0.1 sec - 6 hours *(See Time Range Settings for details.) | $\begin{gathered} 100 \text { to } 240 \mathrm{~V} \text { AC } \\ (50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}) \end{gathered}$ | 8 pin | GT3W-A11AF20N |
|  |  |  |  |  | 11 pin | GT3W-A11EAF20N |
|  |  |  |  |  | 8 pin | GT3W-A11AD24N |
|  |  |  |  |  | 11 pin | GT3W-A11EAD24N |
|  |  |  |  |  | 8 pin | GT3W-A11D12N |
|  |  |  |  |  | 11 pin | GT3W-A11ED12N |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 100 \text { to } 240 \mathrm{~V} \text { AC } \\ (50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}) \end{gathered}$ |  | GT3W-A33AF20N |
|  |  |  |  | 24 V AC/DC |  | GT3W-A33AD24N |

1. For timing diagrams and schematics, see page 836 .
2. For socket and accessory part number information, see page 838.
3. 8 - and 11 -pin models differ only in the number of pins (extra pins are not used).
4. For the timing diagram overview, see page 794.
5. *For details on setting time ranges, see the instructions on page 837.

Time Range Table

| Time Range Code: 1 |  |  | Time Range Code: 3 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time Range Selector | Scale | Time Range | Time Range Selector | Scale | Time Range |
| 1 S |  | $0.1 \mathrm{sec}-1 \mathrm{sec}$ | 1 S |  | $0.1 \mathrm{sec}-3 \mathrm{sec}$ |
| 10S | 0-1 | $0.3 \mathrm{sec}-10 \mathrm{sec}$ | 1M | 0-3 | $3 \mathrm{sec}-3 \mathrm{~min}$ |
| 10M |  | $15 \mathrm{sec}-10 \mathrm{~min}$ | 1H |  | 3 min - 3 hours |
| 15 |  | $0.1 \mathrm{sec}-6 \mathrm{sec}$ | 1 S |  | $0.6 \mathrm{sec}-30 \mathrm{sec}$ |
| 10 S |  | $1 \mathrm{sec}-60 \mathrm{sec}$ | 1M |  | $36 \mathrm{sec}-30 \mathrm{~min}$ |
| 1M | 0-6 | $6 \mathrm{sec}-6 \mathrm{~min}$ | 1H | 0-30 | 36 min - 30 hours |
| 10M |  | $1 \mathrm{~min}-60 \mathrm{~min}$ |  |  | 6 hours 300 hours |
| 1 H |  | $6 \mathrm{~min}-6$ hours | 10 |  | hours - 300 hours |

## Timing Diagrams/Schematics



## Instructions: Setting GT3WTimer



1. The switches should be securely turned using a flat screwdriver 4 mm wide (maximum). Note that incorrect setting may cause malfunction. The switches, which do not turn infinitely, should not be turned beyond their limits.
2. Since changing the setting during timer operation my cause malfunction, turn power off before changing.

## Safety Precautions

Special expertise is required to use Electronic Timers.

- All Electronic Timer modules are manufactured under IDEC's rigorous quality control system, but users must add a backup or fail safe provision to the control system when using the Electronic Timer in applications where heavy damage or personal injury may occur should the Electronic Timer fail.
- Install the Electronic Timer according to instructions described in this catalog.
- Make sure that the operating conditions are as described in the specifications. If you are uncertain about the specifications, contact IDEC in advance.
- In these directions, safety precautions are categorized in order of importance to Warning and Caution.


## Warning

Warning notices are used to emphasize that improper operation may cause sever personal injury or death.

- Turn power off to the Electronic timer before starting installation, removal, Wiring, maintenance, and inspection on the Electronic Timer.
- Failure to turn power off may cause electrical shocks or fire hazard.
- Emergency stop and interlocking circuits must be configured outside the Electronic timer. If such a circuit is configured inside the Electronic Timer, failure of the Electronic timer may cause malfunction of the control system, or an accident.


## Caution

Caution notices are used where inattention might cause personal injury or damage to equipment.

- The Electronic Timer is designed for installation in equipment. Do not install the Electronic Timer outside equipment.
- Install the Electronic Timer in environments described in the specifications. If the Electronic Timer is used in places where it will be subjected to high-temperature, high-humidity, condensation, corrosive gases, excessive vibrations, or excessive shocks, then electrical shocks, fire hazard, or malfunction could result.
- Use an IEC60127-approved fuse and circuit breaker on the power and output line outside the Electronic Timer.
- Do not disassemble, repair, or modify the Electronic Timer.
- When disposing of the Electronic Timer, do so as industrial waste.


## GT3 Series



Installation of Hold-Down Springs DIN Rail Mount Socket

## Panel Mount Socket



## Panel Mounting Accessories

## Panel Mount Sockets and Hold-Down Springs

| Panel Mount Socket |  |  |  | Applicable HD Springs |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Style | Appearance | Use with Timers | Part No. | Appearance | Part No. |
| 8-Pin Solder Terminal |  | GT3A- (8-pin) GT3D- (8-pin) GT3W- (8-pin) GT3F- (8-pin) GT3S | SR2P-51 |  |  |
| 11-Pin Solder Terminal |  | GT3A- (11-pin) <br> GT3D- (11-pin) <br> GT3W- (11-pin) <br> GT3F- (11-pin) | SR3P-51 |  |  |

For information on installing the hold-down springs, see page 838.

Flush Panel Mount Adapter and Sockets that use an Adapter


## Instructions: Wiring Inputs for GT3 Series

## Inputs Inputs

To avoid electric shock, do not touch the input signal terminal during power voltage application.
When connecting the input signal terminals of two or more GT3A timers to the same contact or transistor, the input terminals of the same number should be connected. (Connect Terminals No. 2 in common.)


Input signal lines must be made as short as possible and installed away from power cables and power lines. Use shielded wires or a separate conduit for input wiring.

## Inputs Instructions, continued

For contact input, use gold-plated contacts to make sure that the residual voltage is less than 1 V when the contacts are closed.


For transistor input, use transistors with the following specifications; VCE $=40 \mathrm{~V}$, VCES $=1 \mathrm{~V}$ or less, IC $=50 \mathrm{~mA}$ or more, and ICBO $=50 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ or less. The resistance should be less than $1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ when the transistor is on. When the output transistor switches on, a signal is input to the timer.


## Inputs: GT3A-1, -2, -3

Transistor output equipment such as proximity switches and photoelectric switches can input signals if they are voltage/current output type, with power voltage ranges from 18 to 30 V and have 1 V . When the signal voltage switches from H to L , a signal is input to the timer


Inputs: GT3A-4, -5, -6

| Start Input | The start input initiates a time-delay operation and controls <br> output status. | No-voltage contact inputs and NPN open collector transis- <br> tor inputs are applicable. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Reset Input | When the reset input is activated, the time is reset, and <br> contacts return to original state. | 24V DC, 1mA maximum |
| Gate Input | The time-delay operation is suspended while the gate input <br> is on (pause). | Input response time: 50 msec maximum |

## Dimensions

Analog GT3 Timer, 8-Pin with SR2P-06


Digital GT3 Timer, 8-Pin with SR2P-06


Analog GT3 Timer, 11-Pin with SR3P-05

Analog GT3 Timer, 11-Pin with SR3P-06


Digital GT3 Timer, 11-Pin with SR3P-06


Digital GT3 Timer, 11-Pin with SR3P-05


## Panel Mount Adapter

Analog GT3 Timer, 8-Pin and 11-Pin with SR6P-S08 or SR6P-S11


Digital GT3 Timer, 8-Pin and 11-Pin with SR6P-S08 or SR6P-S11


## Mounting Hole Layout

## Tolerance: +0.5 to 0

 N : No. of timers mounted

Analog and Digital GT3 Timer, 8-Pin with SR6P-M08G


## General Instructions for AllTimer Series

## Load Current

With inductive, capacitive, and incandescent lamp loads, inrush current more than 10 times the rated current may cause welded contacts and other undesired effects. The inrush current and steady-state current must be taken into consideration when specifying a timer.

## Contact Protection

Switching an inductive load generates a counter-electromotive force (back EMF) in the coil. The back EMF will cause arcing, which may shorten the contact life and cause imperfect contact. Application of a protection circuit is recommended to safeguard the contacts.

## Temperature and Humidity

Use the timer within the operating temperature and operating humidity ranges and prevent freezing or condensation. After the timer has been stored below its operating temperature, leave the timer at room temperature for a sufficient period of time to allow it to return to operating temperatures before use.

## Environment

Avoid contact between the timer and sulfurous or ammonia gases, organic solvents (alcohol, benzine, thinner, etc.), strong alkaline substances, or strong acids. Do not use the timer in an environment where such substances are prevalent. Do not allow water to run or splash on the timer.

## Vibration and Shock

Excessive vibration or shocks can cause the output contacts to bounce, the timer should be used only within the operating extremes for vibration and shock resistance. In applications with significant vibration or shock, use of hold down springs or clips is recommended to secure a timer to its socket.

## Time Setting

The time range is calibrated at its maximum time scale; so it is desirable to use the timer at a setting as close to its maximum time scale as possible. For a more accurate time delay, adjust the control knob by measuring the operating time with a watch before application.

## Input Contacts

Use mechanical contact switch or relay to supply power to the timer. When driving the timer with a solid-state output device (such as a two-wire proximity switch, photoelectric switch, or solid-state relay), malfunction may be caused by leakage current from the solid-state device. Since AC types comprise a capacitive load, the SSR dielectric strength should be two or more times the power voltage when switching the timer power using an SSR.

Generally, it is desirable to use mechanical contacts whenever possible to apply power to a timer or its signal inputs. When using solid state devices, be cautious of inrushes and back-EMF that may exceed the ratings on such devices. Some timers are specially designed so that signal inputs switch at a lower voltage than is used to power the timer (models designated as "B" type).

## Timing Accuracy Formulas

Timing accuracies are calculated from the following formulas:
Repeat Error $\quad= \pm \frac{1 \times \text { Maximum Measured Value }- \text { Minimum Measured Value } \times 100 \%}{2 \text { Maximum Scale Value }}$
Voltage Error $\quad= \pm \frac{\mathrm{TV}-\operatorname{Tr} \times 100 \%}{\operatorname{Tr}}$

Tv: Average of measured values at voltage V
Tr: Average of measured values at the rated voltage
Temperature Error $\quad= \pm \frac{\mathrm{Tt}-\mathrm{T} 20 \times 100 \%}{\mathrm{~T} 20}$
Tt: Average of measured values at ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
T20: Average of measured values at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Setting Error $\quad= \pm \frac{\text { Average of Measured Values - Set Value } \times 100 \%}{\text { Maximum Scale Value }}$


[^0]:    It is important to remember that the (3) Time Range Selector not only selects the time range but also influences the interpretation of the Digital Time Display. Changing the (3) Time Range Selector setting changes the units of time measurement (seconds, minutes, hours) as well as the decimal point location.

